1. Kant
   1. Kant’s respect principle demands that we acknowledge, in our actions as well as our thoughts, the dignity/autonomy of all persons. This entails (at a minimum) letting people be autonomous, not unduly interfering with the self-direction of their lives. (it also requires a willingness to be of assistance to rational nature’s legitimate projects).
      1. Autonomy
      2. Coercion or force
         1. Guilt tripping
         2. Violates executive phase
         3. Doesn’t allow you to execute your plans on your chosen path
      3. Deceit, Fraud, Dishonesty
         1. False promising
      4. Violation of property rights
         1. Stealing, damaging, etc
         2. How is this a violation of autonomy?
            1. You’re only violating a persons possessions not them
            2. Owning isn’t just possessing
            3. Rights over the possessed object
            4. If you own the property you have the right to do what you want with it
      5. Depriving someone of resources or opportunities needed to execute their life plans
      6. Narrow down the range of choices open to them
      7. Every person has a fundamental, non-negotiable right not to be used, manipulated, neglected, exploited or harmed in any way that a rational and impartial individual could not agree to. (In any way that they themselves would not freely agree to – if they’re being rational and impartial)